

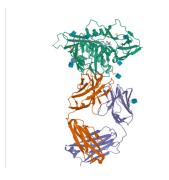
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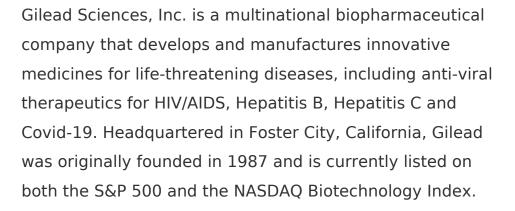
# **Teropavimab and Zinlirvimab**

# **Developer(s)**

Gilead Sciences Inc.

https://www.gilead.com/

**United States** 





# **Drug structure**



10-1074 Fragment Antigen Binding Region

http://doi.org/10.2210/pdb4FQ2/pdb



3BNC117 in Complex with HIV-1 Envelope Glycoprotein GP120

http://doi.org/10.2210/pdb4JPV/pdb

# **Drug information**

# **Associated long-acting platforms**

Broadly neutralising monoclonal antibody

## **Administration route**

Intravenous, Subcutaneous

# Therapeutic area(s)

HIV

# Use case(s)

Treatment

# **Use of drug**

#### **Ease of administration**

Administered by a nurse

Administered by a specialty health worker

# **User acceptance**

Not provided

# Dosage

# Available dose and strength

Not provided

# Frequency of administration

Not provided

#### Maximum dose

Not provided

# Recommended dosing regimen

Not provided

## **Additional comments**

Not provided

# Dosage link(s)

Not provided

# **Drug information**

# Drug's link(s)

Not provided

#### Generic name

Teropavimab and Zinlirvimab

#### **Brand name**

Not provided

#### Compound type

Biotherapeutic

#### **Summary**

Teropavimab (GS-5423; 3BNC117-LS) and zinlirvimab (GS-2872; 10-1074-LS) are a long-acting combination of the broadly neutralising antibodies (bNAbs) 3BNC117 and 10-1074 currently in clinical development for the treatment of HIV-1 infection. The crystallisable fragment domains of both teropavimab and zinlirvimab contain two directed amino acid substitutions termed "LS" (residues N434S and M428L) resulting in long-acting bNAbs with improved efficacy and half-life. Teropavimab functions by targeting the CD4-binding site of the HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein gp120, while zinlirvimab targets the HIV-1 envelope V3 glycan supersite. These interactions mechanistically disrupt the initial entry of HIV-1 virions into the host CD4+ cell, which is an essential step in HIV infection.

### **Approval status**

Unknown

# Regulatory authorities

Unknown

# **Delivery device(s)**

No delivery device

# **Scale-up and manufacturing prospects**

#### Scale-up prospects

Production scale up and manufacturing requirements for therapeutic monoclonal antibody products are primarily related to formulation stability, pharmacokinetic suitability and maintenance of quality attributes. The industrial manufacture of high-concentration broadly neutralising antibody (bNAb) formulations for parenteral administration can introduce production challenges regarding aggregation propensity and formulation viscosity. Exploratory process optimisations such as bNAb co-formulation and multi-specific antibody composition have the potential to reduce overall manufacturing costs.

## Tentative equipment list for manufacturing

Industrial bioreactor vessel with a production volume capacity of between 5-25kL. Continuous disc stack centrifuges for bioreactor harvesting with subsequent membrane and depth filtration for supernatant clarification. Protein A chromatography or other suitable affinity capture apparatus followed by two chromatographic polishing steps such as cation- and anion-exchange. Ultrafiltration membrane system to concentrate and formulate the final product.

#### Manufacturing

Biological activity of bNAbs is highly dependant on their chemical, conformational and structural stability. Reduced glycosylation of bNAbs during manufacture and chemical degradation processes such as deamidation can result in increased aggregation, loss of activity and diminished solubility. Degradation may occur at any stage throughout the manufacturing process including bioprocessing, purification, product delivery and storage. Considerations to increase formulation stability may include pH optimisation and the addition of suitable excipients (e.g. surfactants, stabilizers and buffers).

# Specific analytical instrument required for characterization of formulation

Formulation characterisation for single-entity bNAb production include capillary isoelectric focusing and ion-exchange chromatography for identification of post-translational modifications, subvisible particle quantitation, thermal DSC, size-exclusion chromatography for measurement of concentration dependent aggregation

rates and capillary electrophoresis for antibody fragmentation and clipping. Coformulated bNAbs in mixture may utilise SE-HPLC, capillary electrophoresis sodium dodecyl sulphate, dynamic light scattering, microflow imaging and multi-attribute method mass spectrometry analysis.

# **Clinical trials**

YCO-0946
Identifier
NCT03254277
Link
https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT03254277
Phase
Phase I
Status
Completed
Sponsor
Rockefeller University
More details
Not provided
Purpose
Evaluate the safety, tolerability and pharmacokinetics of a single administration of 3BNC117-LS in HIV-uninfected and HIV-1 infected participants.
Interventions
Intervention 1

Drug: 3BNC117-LS

Intervention 2
Drug: Placebo

Countries

United States of America

Sites / Institutions

Not provided

Trials dates

Anticipated Start Date
Not provided

**Actual Start Date** 

2017-09-13

**Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up** 

Not provided

**Estimated Primary Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Estimated Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Primary Completion Date** 

2020-12-31

**Actual Completion Date** 

2020-12-31

Studied populations

**Age Cohort** 

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### Accepts pregnant individuals

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

Yes

#### Comments about the studied populations

Study participants placed into groups of HIV-infected and HIV-uninfected individuals. Inclusion criteria for HIV positive groups: Males and females aged 18-65 who have documented HIV-1 infection with CD4+ T cell counts of > 300 cells/ $\mu$ L and currently receiving antiretroviral therapy (ART) with < 20 copies/ml plasma HIV-1 RNA or not receiving ART for a minimum of 8 weeks with < 100,000 copies/ml plasma HIV-1 RNA. Inclusion criteria for HIV negative groups: Males and females aged 18-65 who have low risk for HIV infection and agree to implement two methods of effective contraception if sexually active.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Considered at low risk of: HIV

Negative to : HBV, HCV

#### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

#### **Allocation**

Non-randomized

#### Intervention model

Parallel Assignment

# Intervention model description

Not provided

#### **Masking**

Open label

# **Masking description**

None (open label)

# Frequency of administration

Other: "Single dose"

# Studied LA-formulation(s)

Injectable

# Studied route(s) of administration

Subcutaneous

Intravenous

#### Use case

Treatment

#### **Key resources**

Not provided

#### A5364

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NCT05079451

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05079451

#### **Phase**

Phase I

#### **Status**

Withdrawn

#### **Sponsor**

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)

#### More details

Protocol Withdrawal.

## **Purpose**

Evaluate the ability and safety of the combined bNAbs 10-1074-LS and 3BNC117-LS to prevent viral rebound during an analytical antiretroviral treatment interruption.

#### **Interventions**

#### **Intervention 1**

Drug: 3BNC117-LS

#### **Intervention 2**

Drug: 10-1074-LS

#### Countries

United States of America

#### Sites / Institutions

Not provided

#### **Trials dates**

#### **Anticipated Start Date**

2024-01-01

#### **Actual Start Date**

Not provided

#### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

Not provided

#### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

2024-01-15

#### **Estimated Completion Date**

2024-02-15

#### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

Not provided

#### **Actual Completion Date**

Not provided

# **Studied populations**

#### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

Accepts pregnant individuals

No

Accepts lactating individuals

No

Accepts healthy individuals

No

#### Comments about the studied populations

Individuals aged 18-70 years with confirmed HIV-1 infection who have received a stable suppressive antiretroviral regimen (< 50 copies/ml plasma HIV-1 RNA levels) for a minimum of 48 weeks prior to enrolment with no reported continuous interruption of a treatment greater than 7 days. CD4+ T cell counts of > 450 cells/ $\mu$ L with a nadir of  $\geq$ 200 cells  $\mu$ L is required for trial eligibility.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to : HBV, HCV, TB

#### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

Not provided

#### Allocation

Not provided

#### Intervention model

Single group assignment

Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Open label
Masking description
None (Open Label)
Frequency of administration
Other: "IV infusion of 30-60 mins duration with dosage calculated based on participants body weight"
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
Studied route(s) of administration
Intravenous
Use case
Treatment
Key resources
Not provided

#### RIO

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NCT04319367

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04319367

#### **Phase**

Phase II

#### **Status**

Recruiting

#### **Sponsor**

Imperial College London

#### More details

Not provided

#### **Purpose**

Evaluate whether the combination of 3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS can prevent HIV viral rebound after discontinuing early-initiation antiretroviral treatment in adults during primary HIV infection.

#### **Interventions**

#### Intervention 1

Drug: Investigational Medicinal Product (3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS)

#### Intervention 2

	Drug: Placebo
(	Countries
	Jnited Kingdom Denmark
9	Sites / Institutions
N	lot provided
1	Trials dates
	Anticipated Start Date  Not provided
	Actual Start Date 2021-05-17
	Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up
	lot provided
	Estimated Primary Completion Date 2027-07-31
E	Estimated Completion Date
	Actual Primary Completion Date
N	Not provided
	Actual Completion Date

**Actual Completion Date** 

Not provided

# Studied populations

## **Age Cohort**

Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### Accepts pregnant individuals

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

#### Comments about the studied populations

Individuals aged 18-60 who are currently receiving a stable antiretroviral therapy (ART) regimen resulting in an undetectable HIV viral load for a time period of at least one year, which commenced within three months of documented primary HIV infection. Current CD+ T cell counts > 500 cells/ $\mu$ L with a nadir of CD4+ > 350 cells/ $\mu$ L are required. Study participants were required to be vaccinated against COVID-19 at least 28 days before enrolment.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to: HBV, HCV, COVID 19

# Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

72

#### Allocation

Randomized

Intervention model
Parallel Assignment
Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Triple-blind masking
Masking description
Triple (Participant, Investigator, Outcomes Assessor)
Frequency of administration
Other: "Single infusions of the long-acting bNAbs 10-1074-LS and 3BNC117-LS"
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
Studied route(s) of administration
Intravenous
Use case
Treatment
Key resources
Not provided

#### **RHIVIERA-02**

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NCT05300035

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05300035

#### **Phase**

Phase II

#### **Status**

Recruiting

#### **Sponsor**

ANRS, Emerging Infectious Diseases

#### More details

Not provided

#### **Purpose**

Evaluate the efficacy of an intervention consisting of the long-acting broadly neutralising antibodies 3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS + ART in reducing HIV-1 replication during primary HIV-1 infection.

#### **Interventions**

#### Intervention 1

Drug: Recombinant human monoclonal antibodies (3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS)

#### **Intervention 2**

Sites / Institutions
Not provided
Trials dates
Anticipated Start Date  Not provided
Actual Start Date 2024-04-11
Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up  Not provided
Estimated Primary Completion Date 2026-12-10
Estimated Completion Date 2028-12-10
Actual Primary Completion Date  Not provided
Actual Completion Date  Not provided
Studied populations
Age Cohort
<ul><li>Adults</li><li>Older Adults</li></ul>

Drug: Placebo

Countries

France

#### **Genders**

All

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

#### Comments about the studied populations

Study participants are individuals with confirmed HIV-1 infection aged 18-70 at screening and no prior history of hypersensitivity or contraindication to 10-1074-LS or 3BNC117-LS intravenous infusions.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to: HCV, HBV, TB, COVID 19

#### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

69

#### Allocation

Randomized

#### Intervention model

Parallel Assignment

Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Triple-blind masking
Masking description
Triple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator)
Frequency of administration
Other : "Dual intravenous infusion of the long-acting bNAbs 10-1074LS $\&$ 3BNC117LS between day 7 and 10. "
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
Studied route(s) of administration
Intravenous
Use case
Treatment

**Key resources** 

Not provided

# GS-US-536-5816

Drug: Oral Lenacapavir

**Intervention 2** 

Identifier
NCT04811040
Link
https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04811040
Phase
Phase I
Status
Completed
Sponsor
Gilead Sciences
More details
Not provided
Purpose
Evaluate the safety and tolerability of a combination of the broadly neutralizing antibodies (bNAbs) teropavimab (formerly GS-5423) and GS-2872 in combination with the HIV capsid inhibitor Lenacapavir
Interventions
Intervention 1

Drug: Subcutaneous Lenacapavir

**Intervention 3** 

Biological: Teropavimab

**Intervention 4** 

Biological: Zinlirvimab

Countries

United States of America

Sites / Institutions

Not provided

**Trials dates** 

**Anticipated Start Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Start Date** 

2021-04-08

**Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up** 

Not provided

**Estimated Primary Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Estimated Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Primary Completion Date** 

2023-04-18

**Actual Completion Date** 

2023-10-17

#### Studied populations

#### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

Unspecified

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

Unspecified

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

#### Comments about the studied populations

Study participants are required to have received an initial antiretroviral treatment regimen for two years or more prior to screening with no documented virological resistance. Individuals are permitted to change their ART regimen within 28 days prior to screening for reasons other than treatment resistance (e.g. drug-drug interactions, simplification, tolerability). Screening counts of CD4+ T cells  $\geq$  500 cells/µL with a nadir of  $\geq$  350 cells/µL are required, in addition to plasma HIV-1 RNA levels of < 50 copies/ml.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to : HCV, HBV

#### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

# **Enrollment** 32 **Allocation** Randomized Intervention model Parallel Assignment Intervention model description Not provided Masking Double-blind masking **Masking description** Double (Participant, Investigator) Frequency of administration Not provided Studied LA-formulation(s) Injectable Studied route(s) of administration Intravenous Use case Treatment **Key resources**

Not provided

#### MCA-1031

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NCT05245292

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05245292

#### **Phase**

Phase I

#### **Status**

Recruiting

#### **Sponsor**

Rockefeller University

#### More details

Not provided

#### **Purpose**

Evaluate the antiretroviral activity and safety of the broadly neutralising antibodies 3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS in combination with IL-15 superagonist complex N-803.

#### **Interventions**

#### **Intervention 1**

Drug: 3BNC117-LS

#### **Intervention 2**

Drug: 10-1074-LS

# Intervention 3 Drug: N803 Countries

United States of America

Sites / Institutions

Not provided

**Trials dates** 

**Anticipated Start Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Start Date** 

2022-12-07

**Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up** 

Not provided

**Estimated Primary Completion Date** 

2025-12-31

**Estimated Completion Date** 

2025-12-31

**Actual Primary Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Studied populations** 

**Age Cohort** 

Adults

#### Older Adults

#### **Genders**

- Male
- Female

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

#### Comments about the studied populations

Study participants are males and females aged 18-70 with a confirmed HIV-1 infection who are currently receiving a stable antiretroviral treatment regimen (< 50 copies/ml plasma HIV-1 RNA) for at least 48 weeks with no reported continuous interruption of treatment greater than 7 days. CD4+ T cell counts were required to be > 450 cells/ $\mu$ L at enrolment with a cell count nadir of  $\geq$  200 cells/ $\mu$ L and HIV-1 RNA plasma levels at < 20 copies/ml.

#### **Health status**

Negative to : HBV, HCV

Positive to: HIV

#### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

36

#### **Allocation**

Not provided
Intervention model
Single group assignment
Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Open label
Masking description
None (Open Label)
Frequency of administration
Other: "Single intravenous infusions of the long-acting bNAbs 10-1074-LS (dosed at 10mg/kg) and 3BNC117-LS (dosed at 30mg/kg) on day zero."
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
Studied route(s) of administration
Intravenous
Use case
Treatment
Key resources
Not provided

### MCA-0994

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NCT04250636

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04250636

#### **Phase**

Phase I

#### **Status**

Completed

### **Sponsor**

Rockefeller University

#### More details

Not provided

### **Purpose**

Evaluate the antiviral activity, pharmacokinetics and safety of single intravenous infusions of the bNAbs 3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS in HIV-infected individuals who are not currently receiving ART.

#### Interventions

#### **Intervention 1**

Drug: 3BNC117-LS

#### Intervention 2

#### **Trials dates**

### **Anticipated Start Date**

Not provided

#### **Actual Start Date**

2020-10-13

### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

Not provided

### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

Not provided

### **Estimated Completion Date**

Not provided

### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

2022-01-21

### **Actual Completion Date**

2022-02-11

### **Studied populations**

#### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

### Comments about the studied populations

Study participants are individuals with HIV-1 infection who have not received antiretroviral therapy (either by choice, intolerance or ART-naïvety) for at least 28 days prior to study enrolment with plasma HIV-1 RNA levels between 500 - 100,000 copies/mL and CD4+ T cell counts > 300 cells/µl.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to : HBV, HCV

### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

6

#### Allocation

Not provided

#### Intervention model

Single group assignment Intervention model description Not provided Masking Open label **Masking description** None (Open Label) Frequency of administration Other: "Single intravenous infusions of the long-acting bNAbs 10-1074-LS and 3BNC117-LS dosed at 30mg/kg. " Studied LA-formulation(s) Injectable Studied route(s) of administration Intravenous Use case Treatment **Key resources** 

### YCO-0971

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NCT03554408

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT03554408

#### **Phase**

Phase I

#### **Status**

Completed

### **Sponsor**

Rockefeller University

#### More details

Not provided

### **Purpose**

Evaluate the pharmacokinetic profile, tolerability and safety of 10-1074-LS in the first clinical study administered individually or in combination with 3BNC117-LS to individuals with and without HIV.

#### Interventions

#### Intervention 1

Drug: Subcutaneous 10-1074-LS

#### Intervention 2

Drug: Subcutaneous 3BNC117-LS

#### **Intervention 3**

Drug: Intravenous 10-1074-LS

#### **Intervention 4**

Drug: Intravenous 3BNC117-LS

#### Countries

United States of America

#### Sites / Institutions

Not provided

#### **Trials dates**

#### **Anticipated Start Date**

Not provided

#### **Actual Start Date**

2018-06-20

### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

Not provided

### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

Not provided

#### **Estimated Completion Date**

Not provided

### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

2021-02-04

#### **Actual Completion Date**

2021-02-04

### Studied populations

#### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

### Accepts pregnant individuals

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

Yes

### Comments about the studied populations

Study participants placed into groups of HIV-infected and HIV-uninfected individuals. Inclusion criteria for HIV positive groups: Males and females aged 18-65 who have documented HIV-1 infection and are currently receiving antiretroviral therapy with < 50 copies/ml plasma HIV-1 RNA levels and CD4+ T cell count of > 300 cells/µL. Inclusion criteria for HIV negative groups: Males and females aged 18-65 who have low risk for HIV infection and agree to implement two methods of effective contraception if sexually active.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Considered at low risk of : HIV Negative to : HIV, HBV, HCV

### Study type

Enrollment
77
Allocation
Randomized
Intervention model
Parallel Assignment
Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Double-blind masking
Masking description
Double (Participant, Investigator)
Frequency of administration
Other : "Dose escalation study "
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
Studied route(s) of administration
Subcutaneous
Intravenous
Use case

Interventional (clinical trial)

### Treatment

# **Key resources**

#### NCT05612178

Identi	f	ie	r
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NCT05612178

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05612178

#### **Phase**

Phase I

#### **Status**

Recruiting

### **Sponsor**

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)

#### More details

Not provided

### **Purpose**

Evaluate the safety and effects of repeated doses of 3BNC117-LS and 10-1074-LS on persistent viral reservoirs in people living with HIV who are currently receiving suppressive antiretroviral therapy.

#### Interventions

#### Intervention 1

Biological: 3BNC117-LS

#### **Intervention 2**

Biological: 10-1074-LS

Intervention 3
Other: Sterile Saline

Countries

United States of America

Sites / Institutions

Not provided

**Trials dates** 

**Anticipated Start Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Start Date** 

2023-07-26

**Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up** 

Not provided

**Estimated Primary Completion Date** 

2025-12-31

**Estimated Completion Date** 

2025-12-31

**Actual Primary Completion Date** 

Not provided

**Actual Completion Date** 

Not provided

Studied populations

**Age Cohort** 

#### Adults

Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

### Comments about the studied populations

Adult persons of any sex or gender, aged 18 years to 70; with confirmed HIV-1 infection and receiving antiretroviral therapy with plasma HIV-1 RNA levels of < 50 copies/mL and no reported interruption of ART for 7 consecutive days or longer for at least 96 weeks.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to : HBV, HCV

### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

200

#### Allocation

Randomized

# Intervention model Parallel Assignment Intervention model description Not provided Masking Triple-blind masking **Masking description** Triple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator) Frequency of administration Other: "Administered 3 times at 20-week intervals." Studied LA-formulation(s) Injectable Studied route(s) of administration Intravenous Use case

Treatment

**Key resources** 

### **PAUSE**

Ident	ifier
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NCT06031272

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT06031272

#### **Phase**

Phase I

#### **Status**

Not yet recruiting

### **Sponsor**

AIDS Clinical Trials Group

#### More details

Not provided

### **Purpose**

Evaluate the safety, antiviral activity, and immunomodulatory effects of coadministered 3BNC117-LS-J and 10-1074-LS-J in ART-treated adults in Sub-Saharan Africa.

#### **Interventions**

#### **Intervention 1**

Drug: 3BNC117-LS-J

#### Intervention 2

Drug: 10-1074-LS-J

#### **Intervention 3**

Drug: Placebo for 3BNC117-LS-J

#### **Intervention 4**

Drug: Placebo for 10-1074-LS-J

#### Countries

Botswana

Malawi

South Africa

### Sites / Institutions

Not provided

#### **Trials dates**

#### **Anticipated Start Date**

2024-05-15

#### **Actual Start Date**

Not provided

#### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

Not provided

#### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

2025-06-30

#### **Estimated Completion Date**

2026-06-30

#### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

Not provided

### **Actual Completion Date**

#### Not provided

### Studied populations

#### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

No

#### **Accepts healthy individuals**

No

### Comments about the studied populations

Participants are individuals aged 18 to 70 years with a confirmed HIV-1 infection and who have received stable suppressive ART for at least 96 weeks prior to study entry. Eligible participants must also display a CD4+ cell count of >450 cells/ $\mu$ L obtained within the previous 56 days and plasma HIV-1 RNA levels of <50 copies/mL for at least 96 weeks prior to study entry.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to : HBV, HCV, TB

### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

Enrollment
48
Allocation
Randomized
Intervention model
Parallel Assignment
Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Double-blind masking
Masking description
Double (Participant, Investigator)
Frequency of administration
Other : "Single intravenous infusions of 3BNC117-LS-J (30 mg/kg) and 10-1074-LS-J (10 mg/kg) administered on Day 0. " $^{\circ}$
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
Studied route(s) of administration
Intravenous
Use case
Treatment

# **Key resources**

#### **IAVI C100**

#### Identifier

NCT04173819

#### Link

https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04173819

#### **Phase**

Phase I/II

#### **Status**

Active, not recruiting

### **Sponsor**

International AIDS Vaccine Initiative

#### More details

Not provided

### **Purpose**

Evaluate the safety and pharmacokinetics of the combination broadly neutralizing antibodies, 3BNC117-LS-J and 10-1074-LS-J, in healthy American and African Adults.

#### **Interventions**

#### **Intervention 1**

Biological: 3BNC117-LS-J

#### **Intervention 2**

Biological: 10-1074-LS-J

#### **Intervention 3**

Biological: Combination 3BNC117-LS-J and 10-1074-LS-J

#### **Intervention 4**

Biological: Placebo

#### **Countries**

United States of America

Kenya

Rwanda

South Africa

Uganda

#### Sites / Institutions

Not provided

#### **Trials dates**

#### **Anticipated Start Date**

Not provided

#### **Actual Start Date**

2019-01-25

#### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

Not provided

### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

2023-09-01

### **Estimated Completion Date**

2023-09-01

### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

#### **Actual Completion Date**

Not provided

### Studied populations

#### Age Cohort

Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

No

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

Unspecified

#### Accepts healthy individuals

Yes

### Comments about the studied populations

Healthy male and female individuals aged between 18-45 who are willing to undergo HIV testing, risk reduction counselling and receive HIV test results; in addition to maintaining low-risk behaviour for the entire trial duration.

#### **Health status**

Considered at low risk of : HIV

Negative to : HIV, HCV, HBV, TB

#### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)

#### **Enrollment**

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Randomized

### Intervention model

Parallel Assignment

### Intervention model description

Not provided

### **Masking**

Double-blind masking

### **Masking description**

Double (Participant, Investigator)

### Frequency of administration

Other: "Single infusions of the long-acting bNAbs 10-1074-LS-J and 3BNC117-LS-J (either alone or in-combination at differing ratios)."

### Studied LA-formulation(s)

Injectable

### Studied route(s) of administration

Subcutaneous

Intravenous

#### Use case

**PrEP** 

### **Key resources**

### GS-US-536-5939

Teropavimab (Formerly GS-5423)

Intervention 2

Identifier
NCT05729568
Link
https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05729568
Phase
Phase II
Status
Active, not recruiting
Sponsor
Gilead Sciences
More details
Not provided
Purpose
Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of bNAbs GS-5423 and GS-2872 in Combination With Lenacapavir as Long-Acting Treatment Dosed Every 6 Months in Virologically Suppressed Adults With HIV-1 Infection.
Interventions
Intervention 1

### Zinlirvimab (Formerly GS-2872)

#### **Intervention 3**

Drug: Lenacapavir Tablet

#### **Intervention 4**

Drug: Lenacapavir Injection

#### **Intervention 5**

Drug: Antiretroviral Therapy

#### **Countries**

United States of America

Australia

Canada

Puerto Rico

### Sites / Institutions

Not provided

#### **Trials dates**

#### **Anticipated Start Date**

Not provided

#### **Actual Start Date**

2023-05-15

### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

Not provided

#### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

2025-03-01

### **Estimated Completion Date**

2029-12-01

#### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

Not provided

#### **Actual Completion Date**

Not provided

### Studied populations

#### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

#### **Genders**

All

#### Accepts pregnant individuals

Unspecified

#### **Accepts lactating individuals**

Unspecified

#### Accepts healthy individuals

No

### Comments about the studied populations

Participants are required to be receiving a stable ART regimen with no clinically significant documented resistance (except isolated NRTI mutations). Plasma HIV-1 RNA < 50 copies/mL at screening visit 2 and documented plasma HIV-1 RNA < 50 copies/mL for  $\geq 12$  months preceding screening visit 2.

#### **Health status**

Positive to: HIV

Negative to : HCV, HBV

### Study type

Interventional (clinical trial)
Enrollment
83
Allocation
Randomized
Intervention model
Parallel Assignment
Intervention model description
Not provided
Masking
Open label
Masking description
None (Open Label)
Frequency of administration
Once every 6 months
Studied LA-formulation(s)
Injectable
,
Studied route(s) of administration
Studied route(s) of administration
Studied route(s) of administration Intravenous

# **Key resources**

# **Excipients**

### Proprietary excipients used

Not provided

Novel excipients or existing excipients at a concentration above Inactive Ingredients Database (IID) for the specified route of administration

Not provided

Residual solvents used

### Patent info

### **Description**

Zinlirvimab+Teropamivimab combination

### **Brief description**

Zinlirvimab variants + combination with Teropamivimab (Heavy chain e.g. SEQ 59-61)

### Representative patent

WO2020056145

### Category

Combination of active substances

#### Patent holder

The Rockefeller University

### **Exclusivity**

Not provided

### **Expiration date**

September 12, 2039

#### **Status**

Filed in China, India, Us, EP

### **Description**

Zinlirvimab- Broadly neutralising anti-HIV antibodies

### **Brief description**

The invention relates to anti-HIV antibodies. Also disclosed are related methods and compositions.

### Representative patent

WO2014063059

### Category

Active substance

#### Patent holder

The Rockefeller University; California Institute of Technology

### **Exclusivity**

Not provided

### **Expiration date**

October 18, 2033

#### **Status**

Granted in China, US, EAPO, EP

### **Description**

Teropavimab - HIV neutralizing antibodies and methods of use thereof

### **Brief description**

The invention provides broadly neutralizing antibodies directed to epitopes of Human Immunodeficiency Virus, or HIV. The invention further provides compositions containing HIV antibodies used for prophylaxis, and methods for diagnosis and treatment of HIV infection. Claims include antibody comprising aa 1-112 teropavimab H chain and 1-89 of L chain

### Representative patent

WO2012158948

### Category

Active substance

#### Patent holder

The Rockefeller University; California Institute of Technology

### **Exclusivity**

Not provided

### **Expiration date**

May 17, 2032

#### **Status**

Granted in US, EAPO, EP

# **Supporting material**

### **Publications**

Gautam, R., Nishimura, Y., Gaughan, N. *et al.* A single injection of crystallizable fragment domain-modified antibodies elicits durable protection from SHIV infection. *Nat Med* **24**, 610–616 (2018). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-018-0001-2

In the absence of an effective and safe vaccine against HIV-1, the administration of broadly neutralizing antibodies (bNAbs) represents a logical alternative approach to prevent virus transmission. Here, we introduced two mutations encoding amino acid substitutions (M428L and N434S, collectively referred to as 'LS') into the genes encoding the crystallizable fragment domains of the highly potent HIV-specific 3BNC117 and 10-1074 bNAbs to increase their half-lives and evaluated their efficacy in blocking infection following repeated low-dose mucosal challenges of rhesus macaques (Macaca mulatta) with the tier 2 SHIVAD8-EO. A single intravenous infusion of 10-1074-LS monoclonal antibodies markedly delayed virus acquisition for 18 to 37 weeks (median, 27 weeks), whereas the protective effect of the 3BNC117-LS bNAb was more modest (provided protection for 11-23 weeks; median, 17 weeks). Serum concentrations of the 10-1074-LS monoclonal antibody gradually declined and became undetectable in all recipients between weeks 26 and 41, whereas the 3BNC117-LS bNAb exhibited a shorter half-life. To model immunoprophylaxis against genetically diverse and/or neutralization-resistant HIV-1 strains, a combination of the 3BNC117-LS plus 10-1074-LS monoclonal antibodies was injected into macagues via the more clinically relevant subcutaneous route. Even though the administered mixture contained an amount of each bNAb that was nearly threefold less than the quantity of the single monoclonal antibody in the intravenous injections, the monoclonal antibody combination still protected macagues for a median of 20 weeks. The extended period of protection observed in macagues for the 3BNC117-LS plus 10-1074-LS combination could translate into an effective semiannual or annual immunoprophylaxis regimen for preventing HIV-1 infections in humans.

Mendoza P, Gruell H, Nogueira L, Pai JA, Butler AL, Millard K, Lehmann C, Suárez I,

Oliveira TY, Lorenzi JCC, Cohen YZ, Wyen C, Kümmerle T, Karagounis T, Lu CL, Handl L, Unson-O'Brien C, Patel R, Ruping C, Schlotz M, Witmer-Pack M, Shimeliovich I, Kremer G, Thomas E, Seaton KE, Horowitz J, West AP Jr, Bjorkman PJ, Tomaras GD, Gulick RM, Pfeifer N, Fätkenheuer G, Seaman MS, Klein F, Caskey M, Nussenzweig MC. Combination therapy with anti-HIV-1 antibodies maintains viral suppression. Nature. 2018 Sep;561(7724):479-484. DOI: 10.1038/s41586-018-0531-2. Epub 2018 Sep 26. PMID: 30258136; PMCID: PMC6166473.

Individuals infected with HIV-1 require lifelong antiretroviral therapy, because interruption of treatment leads to rapid rebound viraemia. Here we report on a phase 1b clinical trial in which a combination of 3BNC117 and 10-1074, two potent monoclonal anti-HIV-1 broadly neutralizing antibodies that target independent sites on the HIV-1 envelope spike, was administered during analytical treatment interruption. Participants received three infusions of 30 mg kg-1 of each antibody at 0, 3 and 6 weeks. Infusions of the two antibodies were generally well-tolerated. The nine enrolled individuals with antibody-sensitive latent viral reservoirs maintained suppression for between 15 and more than 30 weeks (median of 21 weeks), and none developed viruses that were resistant to both antibodies. We conclude that the combination of the anti-HIV-1 monoclonal antibodies 3BNC117 and 10-1074 can maintain long-term suppression in the absence of antiretroviral therapy in individuals with antibody-sensitive viral reservoirs.

### **Additional documents**

No documents were uploaded

### **Useful links**

There are no additional links

## **Access principles**

### Collaborate for development



Consider on a case by case basis, collaborating on developing long acting products with potential significant public health impact, especially for low- and middle-income countries (LMICs), utilising the referred to long-acting technology

Not provided

### **Share technical information for match-making assessment**



Provide necessary technical information to a potential partner, under confidentiality agreement, to enable preliminary assessment of whether specific medicines of public health importance in LMICs might be compatible with the referred to long-acting technology to achieve a public health benefit

Not provided

### Work with MPP to expand access in LMICs



In the event that a product using the referred to long-acting technology is successfully developed, the technology IP holder(s) will work with the Medicines Patent Pool towards putting in place the most appropriate strategy for timely and affordable access in low and middle-income countries, including through licensing

# **Comment & Information**